Did Prophecy Continue after the Prophets of the Bible? Is There Prophecy Today?

1. Not Really, and Maybe That's Good!

Talmud Yerushalmi, Berakhot 1:7/3b (= Avodah Zarah 2:7/41c)

Rabbi <u>H</u> ananya, son of Rav Adda, in the name of Rabbi	רבי חנניה בריה דרב אדא בשם רבי
Tan <u>h</u> um, son of Rabbi <u>H</u> iyya:	תנחום ברבי חייה:
The statements of Elders are weightier than the	חמורין דברי זקינים מדברי נביאים
statements of Prophets, as is written, "'Don't preach!'	דכתיב, "אַל תַּטָפוּ יַטָיפוּן לא יַטָפוּ
they preach; 'Don't preach like that; shame does not	לָאֵלֶה לֹא יִסַּג כְּלִמּוֹת" (מיכה ב:ו),
come near'", (Mikha 2:6), and it's written, "'I'll preach to	וכתיב, "אַטָּף לְךָ לַיַּיִן וְלַשֵּׁכָר" (שם,
you in favor of wine and liquor!'" (<i>ibid.</i> , 11).	יא).
A prophet and an elder: to what may they be compared?	נביא וזקן למה הן דומין? למלך
To a king who sends his two negotiators into the city.	ששילח שני פלמטרין שלו למדינה.
About one of them, he writes, "If he does not show you	על אחד מהן כתב, "אם אינו מראה
my seal and my signet, do not believe him", and about	לכם חותם שלי וסימנטירין שלי אל
one of them he writes, "Even if he does not show you my	תאמינו לו", ועל אחד מהן כתב, "אף
seal, believe him, without seal and without signet." As	על פי שאינו מראה לכם חותם שלי,
such, about the prophet, it is written, "Should there arise	האמינוהו בלא חותם ובלא
in your midst a prophet or dreamer of dreams, he should	סמנטירין." כך בנביא כתיב, "[כִּי יָקוּם
give you a sign or a portent" (Devarim 13:2), but here,	בְּקְרְבְּךָ נָבִיא אוֹ חֹלֵם חֲלוֹם] וְנָתַן
"According to the Torah that they teach you" (<i>ibid.,</i>	אֱלֶירֶ אוֹת אוֹ מוֹפֵת" (דברים יג:ב) <i>,</i>
17:11).	ברם הכא, "עַל פּי הַתּוֹרָה אֲשֶׁר
	יוֹרוּךֶ" [שם, יז:יא].

Emmanuel Levinas (1906-1995, Kovno, Lithuania; Paris, France)

"Loving the Torah More than God", in *Difficult Freedom* (1963 in French; 1990 in Sean Hand's English Translation)

The God Who hides His face and is recognized as being present and intimate...is this really possible?....Here I believe we see the specific face of Judaism: the link between God and man is not an emotional communion that takes place within the love of a God incarnate, but a spiritual or intellectual [*esprits*] relationship which takes place through an education in the Torah. It is precisely a word, not incarnate, from God that ensures a living God among us.....

Spirituality is offered up not through a tangible substance, but through absence. God is real and concrete not through incarnation but through Law, and His greatness is not inspired by His sacred mystery. His greatness does not provoke fear and trembling, but fills us with high thoughts. To hide one's face so as to demand the superhuman of man, to create a man who can approach God and speak to Him without always being in His debt—that is a truly divine mark of greatness!

I. Babylonian Talmud, Baba Batra 12b

א"ר יוחנן מיום שחרב בית המקדש ניטלה נבואה מן הנביאים וניתנה לשוטים ולתינוקות

Rabbi Yochanan said: "After the destruction of the Holy Temple the power of prophecy was taken from the prophets and given to the mentally ill and to children.

II. Babylonian Talmud, Yoma 9b

אָמַר רַבִּי אַבָּא בַּת קוֹל כִּדְתַנְיָא מִשֶׁמֵתוּ נְבִיאִים הָאַחֲרוֹנִים חַגַּי זְכַרְיָה וּמַלְאָכִי נִסְתַּלְקָה רוּחַ הַקֹּדֶשׁ מִיִּשְׂרָאֵל וַעֲדַיִין הָיוּ מִשְׁתַּמְשִׁין בְּבַת קוֹל

Rabbi Abba said: Just as little remains from a cedar tree infested by this worm, similarly, all that remained from the Divine Presence during the Second Temple period was a **Divine Voice**, **as it was taught: After the last prophets Haggai, Zechariah, and Malachi died the Holy Spirit (***Ruach haKodesh***) departed from Israel and still they use the Bat Kol.**

III. Babylonian Talmud, Hagigah 5b

ַוְאָנֹכִי הַסְתֵּר אַסְתִּיר פָּנַי בַּיּוֹם הַהוּא אָמַר רָבָא אָמַר הַקָּדוֹש בָּרוּך הוּא אַף עַל פִּי שֶׁהִסְתַּרְתִּי פָּנַי מֵהֶם בַּחֲלוֹם אַדַבֶּר בּו

With regard to the verse: "And I will hide my face in that day" (Deuteronomy 31:18), Rava said that the Holy One, Blessed be, said: Even though I hid my face from them and My Divine Presence is not revealed, nevertheless: "I speak with them in a dream" (Numbers 12:6).

IV. Rav Hai Gaon (939-1030, b. Babylonia; died in Pumbedita, Iraq) as quoted by R. Dr. Abraham Joshua Heschel in <u>Prophetic Inspiration after the Prophets</u>

Among the earlier sages, it was assumed that the Holy One, blessed Be, could work wonders through the saints, as God had through the prophets. God granted them awesome visions just as God had granted visions to the prophets.

V. Zohar 2:130b (as quoted by Dr. Melilla Hellner-Eshed in <u>A River Flows From Eden</u>)

Through six degrees of prophecy (did God)speak to the prophets: *mahazeh, hazon, hezyon, hazut, davar and massa*. The five are all like one who sees a light shining behind a wall, and some of them are like one who sees the light of the sun through a lantern. But *massa*, burden, is when that light reaches him with great difficulty, and the word is difficult for him and is barely revealed...and here *Massah Dumah (the pronouncement/burden of silence); he calls to me from Seir* (Isaiah 21:11).

Massah Dumah-- a great burden that cannot be revealed; and this is a prophecy in a whisper and abides in a whisper.

VI. Grace Paley (1922-2007)

It is the responsibility of society to let the poet be a poet

It is the responsibility of the poet to stand on street corners giving out poems and beautifully written leaflets also leaflets you can hardly bear to look at because of the screaming rhetoric It is the responsibility of the poet to be lazy to hang out and prophesy It is the responsibility of the poet not to pay war taxes It is the responsibility of the poet to go in and out of ivory towers and two-room apartments on Avenue C and buckwheat fields and army camps It is the responsibility of the male poet to be a woman It is the responsibility of the female poet to be a woman It is the poet's responsibility to speak truth to power as the Quakers say It is the poet's responsibility to learn the truth from the powerless It is the responsibility of the poet to say many times: there is no freedom without justice and this means economic justice and love justice It is the responsibility of the poet to sing this in all the original and traditional tunes of singing and telling poems It is the responsibility of the poet to listen to gossip and pass it on in the way storytellers decant the story of life There is no freedom without fear and bravery there is no freedom unless earth and air and water continue and children also continue It is the responsibility of the poet to be a woman to keep an eye on this world and cry out like Cassandra, but be listened to this time.

It is the responsibility of the poet to be a woman